

DIGITAL DESIGN THROUGH FPGA

REPORT

A field-programmable gate array (FPGA) is an integrated circuit designed to be configured by a customer or a designer after manufacturing – hence "field-programmable". The FPGA configuration is generally specified using a hardware description language (HDL), similar to that used for an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC). (Circuit diagrams were previously used to specify the configuration, as they were for ASICs, but this is increasingly rare.

A Spartan FPGA from Xilinx FPGAs contain an array of programmable logic blocks, and a hierarchy of reconfigurable interconnects that allow the blocks to be "wired together", like many logic gates that can be inter-wired in different configurations. Logic blocks can be configured to perform complex combinational functions, or merely simple logic gates like AND and XOR. In most FPGAs, logic blocks also include memory elements, which may be simple flip-flops or more complete blocks of memory.

This year the workshop was organized on **05th to 09th March 2012** by the **Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering** under the supervision of **Dr.T.Jagnadha swamy**, Professor & Head .

(Dr. T.Jagannadha swamy)

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